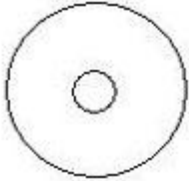
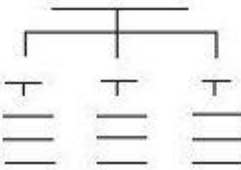
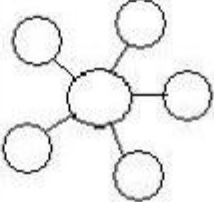
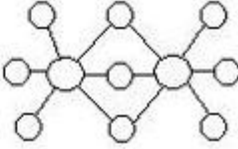
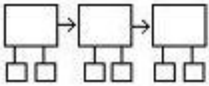
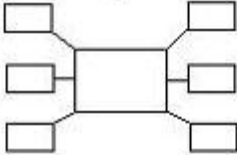
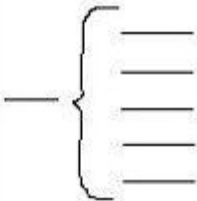





# Barnwell School District 45

## Barnwell 45 Thinking Maps Handbook

|   |   |   |  |
|---|---|---|--|
| <p>Circle Map</p>  <p>FOR DEFINING</p>  | <p>Tree Map</p>  <p>FOR CLASSIFYING</p>             | <p>Bubble Map</p>  <p>FOR DESCRIBING</p> | <p>Double Bubble Map</p>  <p>FOR COMPARING</p> |
| <p>Flow Map</p>  <p>FOR SEQUENCING</p> | <p>Multi-Flow Map</p>  <p>FOR CAUSE AND EFFECT</p> | <p>Brace Map</p>  <p>WHOLE TO PARTS</p>  | <p>Bridge Map</p>  <p>FOR ANALOGIES</p>       |

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| 5-7            | Flow Map                    |
| 8-9            | Circle Map                  |
| 10-12          | Tree Map                    |
| 13-14          | Bubble Map                  |
| 15-16          | Double Bubble Map           |
| 17-19          | Multi-Flow Map              |
| 20-22          | Brace Map                   |
| 23-24          | Bridge Map                  |
| 25             | Thinking Maps Overview      |

# Barnwell School District 45



## Thinking Map Implementation

### Planning

*Summer of 2013*

- Creation of Thinking Maps Implementation Team
- Create Implementation Plan
- Meet with Principals



### Initial Training

*Fall 2013*

- Initial Training
- Awareness of implementation plan
- B45 Thinking Maps website

### Continued Professional Development

*2013-2014 School Year*

- Monthly school-level meeting
- Implementation



### Continuous Implementation/Training

- Make plans for continued professional development, as needed, including extension of initiative in 2014-2015 school year

**Barnwell School District 45**



*Preparing Today's Students for a Successful Tomorrow*

## 2014 Thinking Maps Implementation

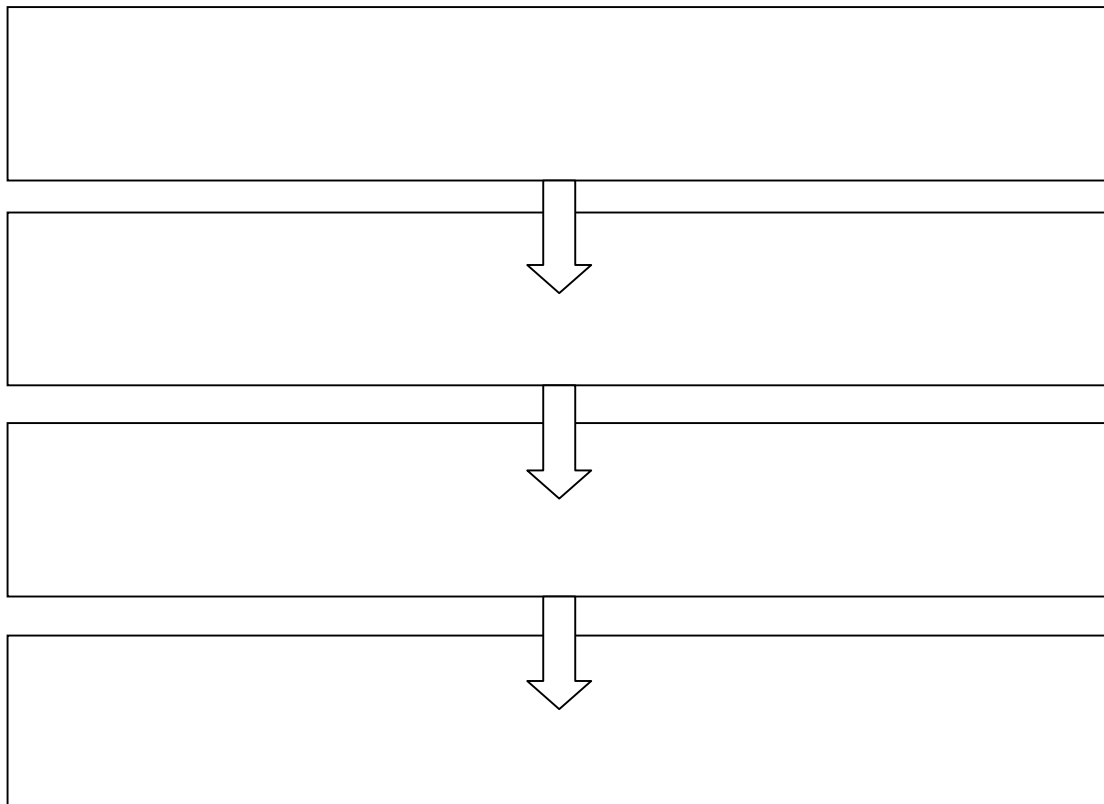
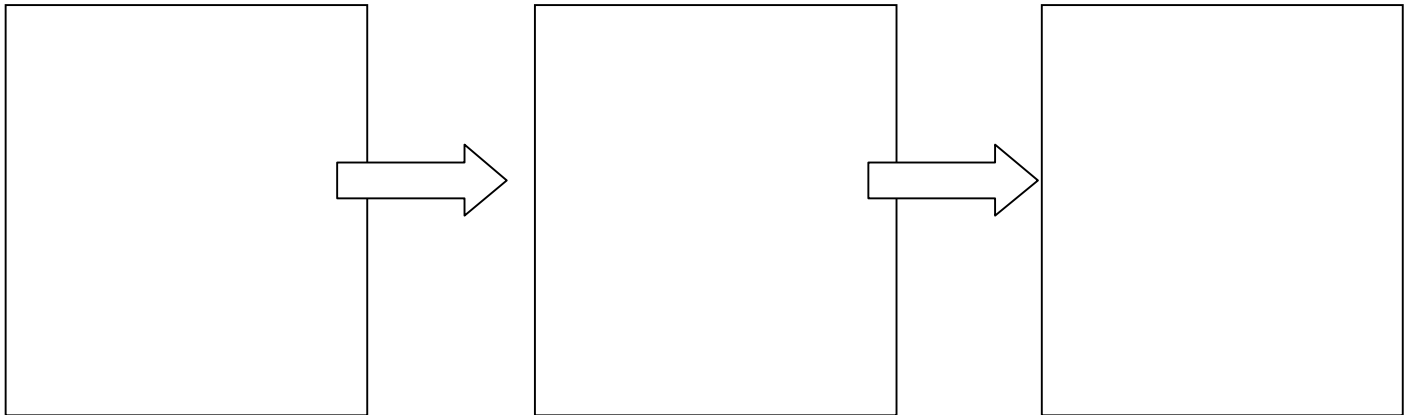


| Month     | Thinking Map to be Implemented                              |
|-----------|---|
| August    | Barnwell 45 Writing Graphic Organizer (2nd-8th)<br>Flow Map |
| September | Circle Map  |
| October   | Tree Map  |
| November  | Bubble Map  |
| December  |   |
| January   | Double Bubble Map   |
| February  | Multi-flow Map  |
| March     | Brace Map   |
| April     | Bridge Map  |
| May       | <i>Review All</i>   |

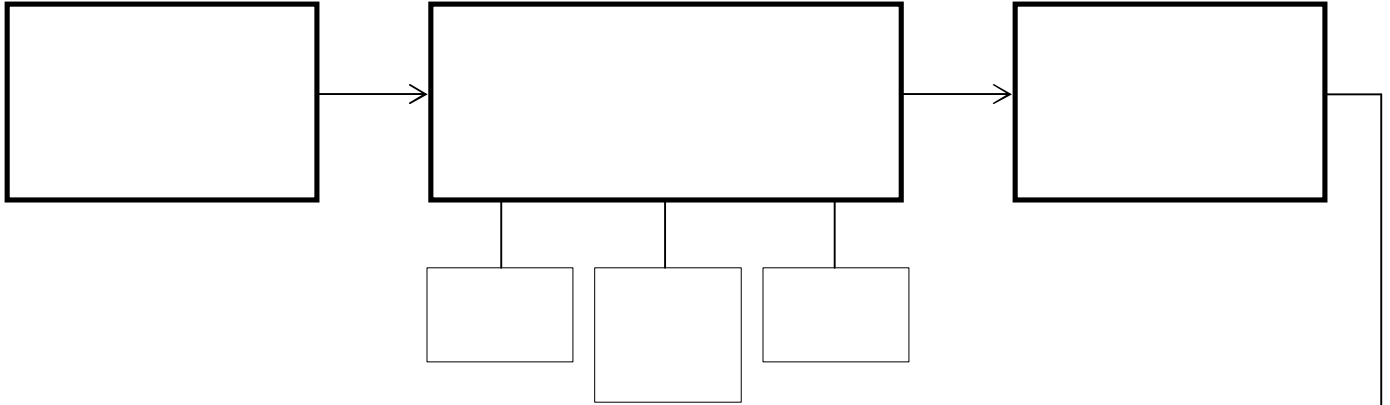
## Flow Map

### Thinking Process: Sequencing

The **Flow Map** is used for **sequencing**.



## itions of the Flow Map



**Content Areas**

| <i>Flow Map Examples</i> | <b>ELA</b>                                  | <b>Math</b>                                | <b>Science</b>  | <b>Social Studies</b>  |
|--------------------------|---|--|---|--|
|                          | Sequencing story plot                       | Sequencing and ordering numbers            | Following steps of scientific experiment                                      | Sequencing major events in history (including stages and sub-stages) |
|                          | Analyzing important events                  | Following order of operations and steps    | Logically ordering data   | Identifying and analyzing historical movements                       |
|                          | Illustrating a character's change over time | Illustrating the steps to solving problems | Analyzing the physiology of animals   |  |
|                          |   |  | Analyzing the chronological order of events leading to a scientific phenomena |  |

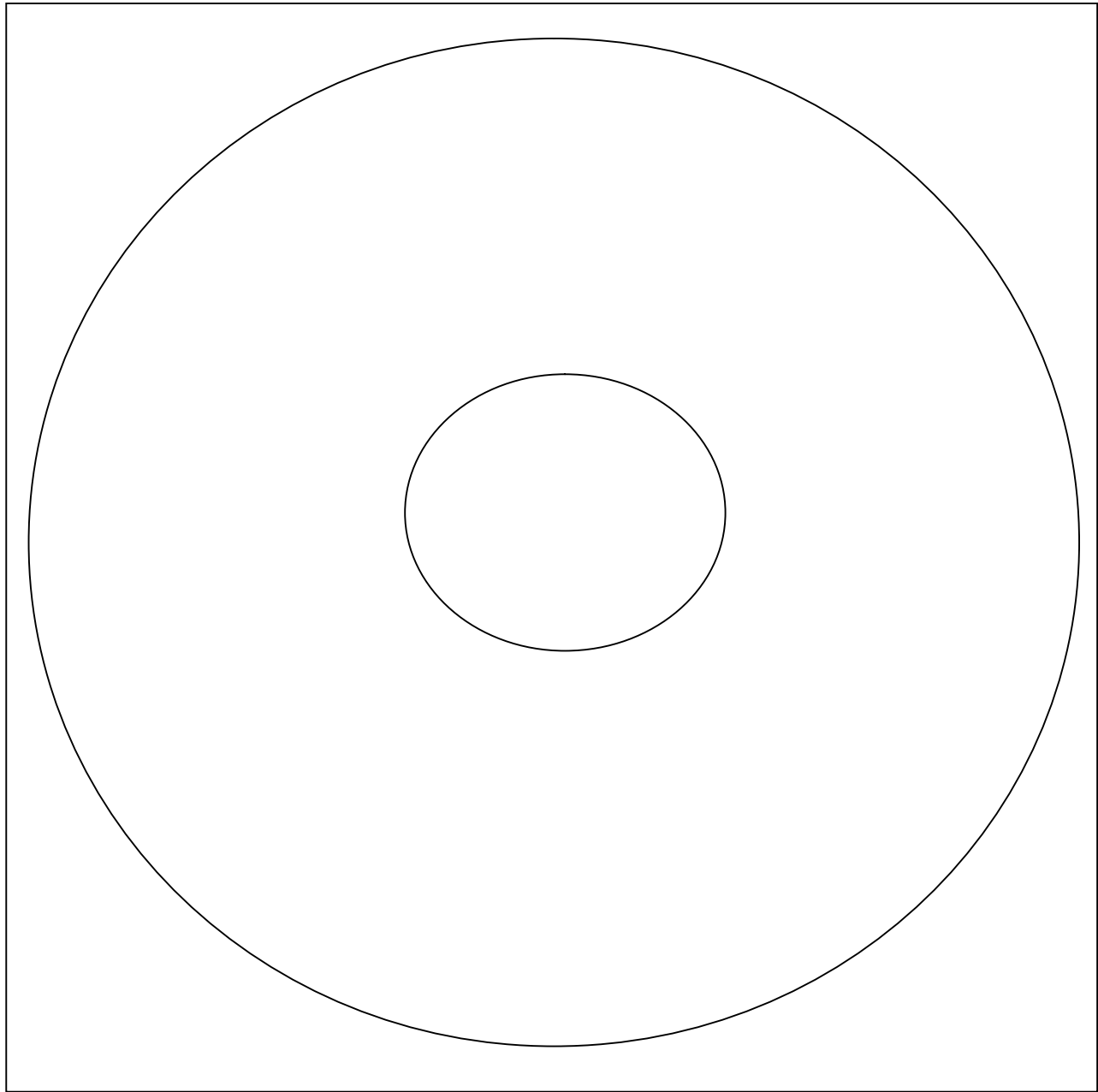
*This is a short list of ideas for initial implementation. There are numerous ways this map could be incorporated into instruction.*

Do an image search of “Flow Map” online, and you will be able to access several other examples. Please take photographs of flow maps you use in your classroom and send them to [cstephens@barnwell45.k12.sc.us](mailto:cstephens@barnwell45.k12.sc.us). We will post examples of our own Barnwell 45 maps on our curriculum website.

## Circle Map

### Thinking Process: Defining in Context

The **Circle Map** is used for **brainstorming** or **defining in context**.





**ent Areas**

| <b>Circle Map Examples</b> | <b>ELA</b>                              | <b>Math</b>                                | <b>Science</b>                             | <b>Social Studies</b>                          |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|--|
|                            | Mapping academic vocabulary             | Mapping academic vocabulary                | Mapping academic vocabulary                | Mapping academic vocabulary                    |
|                            | Defining words by showing context clues | Defining a problem in context              | Generating prior knowledge about a concept | Generating prior knowledge about a topic       |
|                            | Brainstorming ideas                     | Generating possible solutions to a problem |  | Identifying key concepts in historical context |

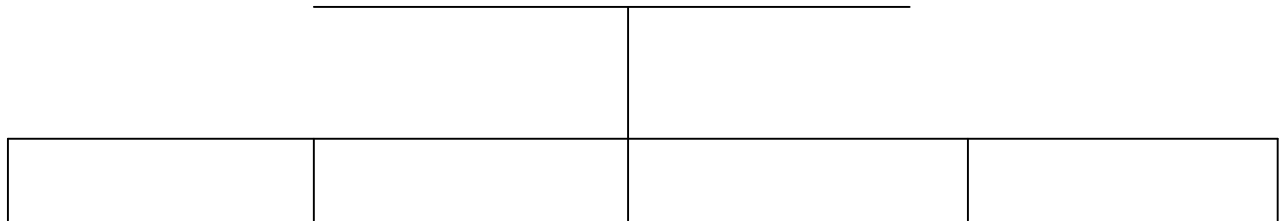
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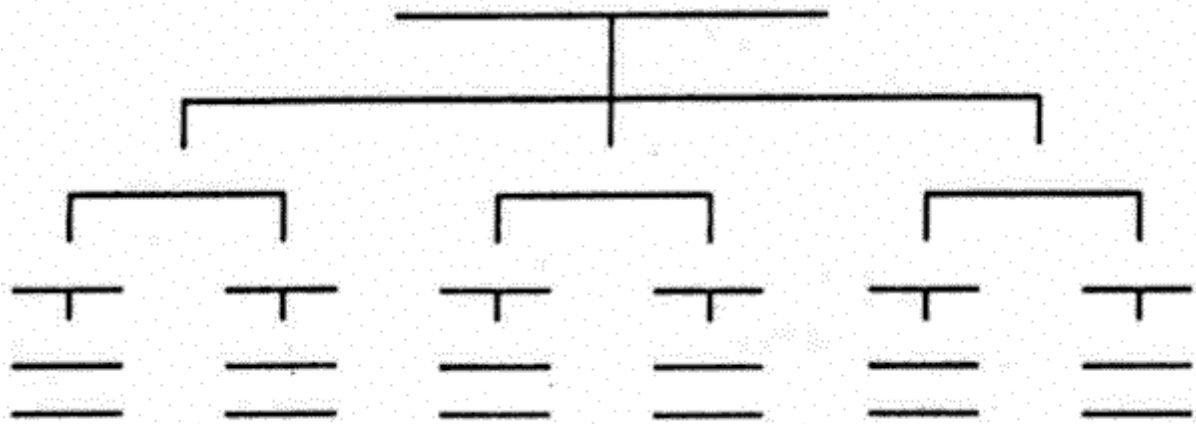
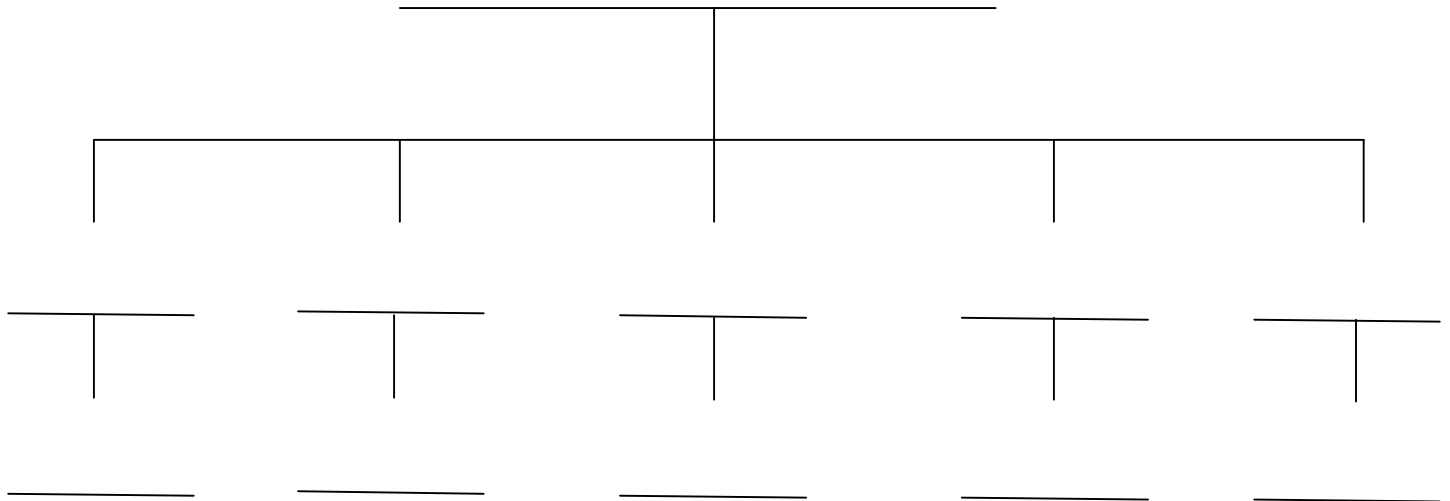
## Tree Map

### Thinking Process: Classifying

The **Tree Map** is used for **classifying**.



# Free Map



ent Areas

| Tree Map Examples | ELA  | Math   | Science  | Social Studies   |
|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
|                   | Identifying main idea, supporting ideas, and details<br><br>Taking notes for lectures or research projects | Grouping numbers according to attributes (ex. even/odd, prime/composite, multiples of..., etc., rational/irrational)<br><br>Classifying geometric figures<br><br>Sorting types of information found within word problems | Taking notes for lectures or research projects<br><br>Creating categories or taxonomies<br><br>Classifying items/objects<br><br>Applying deductive and inductive reasoning | Taking notes for lectures or research projects<br><br>Classifying resources of a society<br><br>Organizing historical themes and supporting evidence |

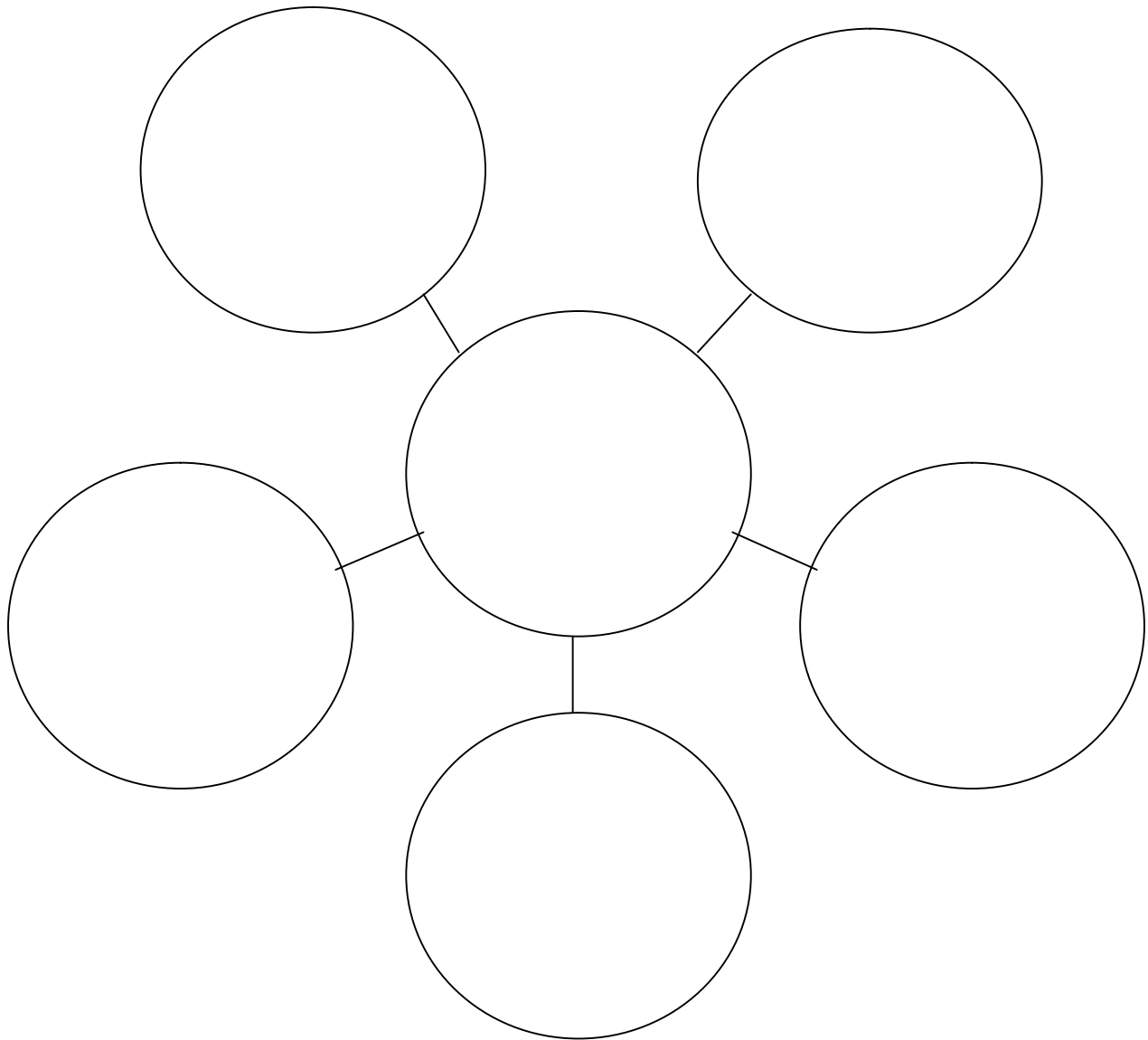
*This is a short list of ideas for initial implementation. There are numerous ways this map could be incorporated into instruction.*

Do an image search of “Tree Map” online, and you will be able to access several other examples. Please take photographs of tree maps you use in your classroom and send them to [cstephens@barnwell45.k12.sc.us](mailto:cstephens@barnwell45.k12.sc.us). We will post examples of our own Barnwell 45 maps on our curriculum website.

# Bubble Map

## Thinking Process: Describing

The **Bubble Map** is used for **describing** by using adjectives or adjective phrases.



ent Areas

| <b>Bubble Map Examples</b> | <b>ELA</b>   | <b>Math</b>   | <b>Science</b>   | <b>Social Studies</b>   |
|----------------------------|--|---|--|---|
|                            | Expanding vocabulary<br><br>Describing characters using adjectives | Identifying properties of numbers<br><br>Describing attributes of geometric figures<br><br>Establishing criteria for evaluation | Describing properties of objects<br><br>Identifying essential properties of an organism<br><br>Establishing criteria for experimentation | Describing key characteristics of cultures (past and present)<br><br>Analyzing stereotypes<br><br>Distinguishing between fact and opinion |

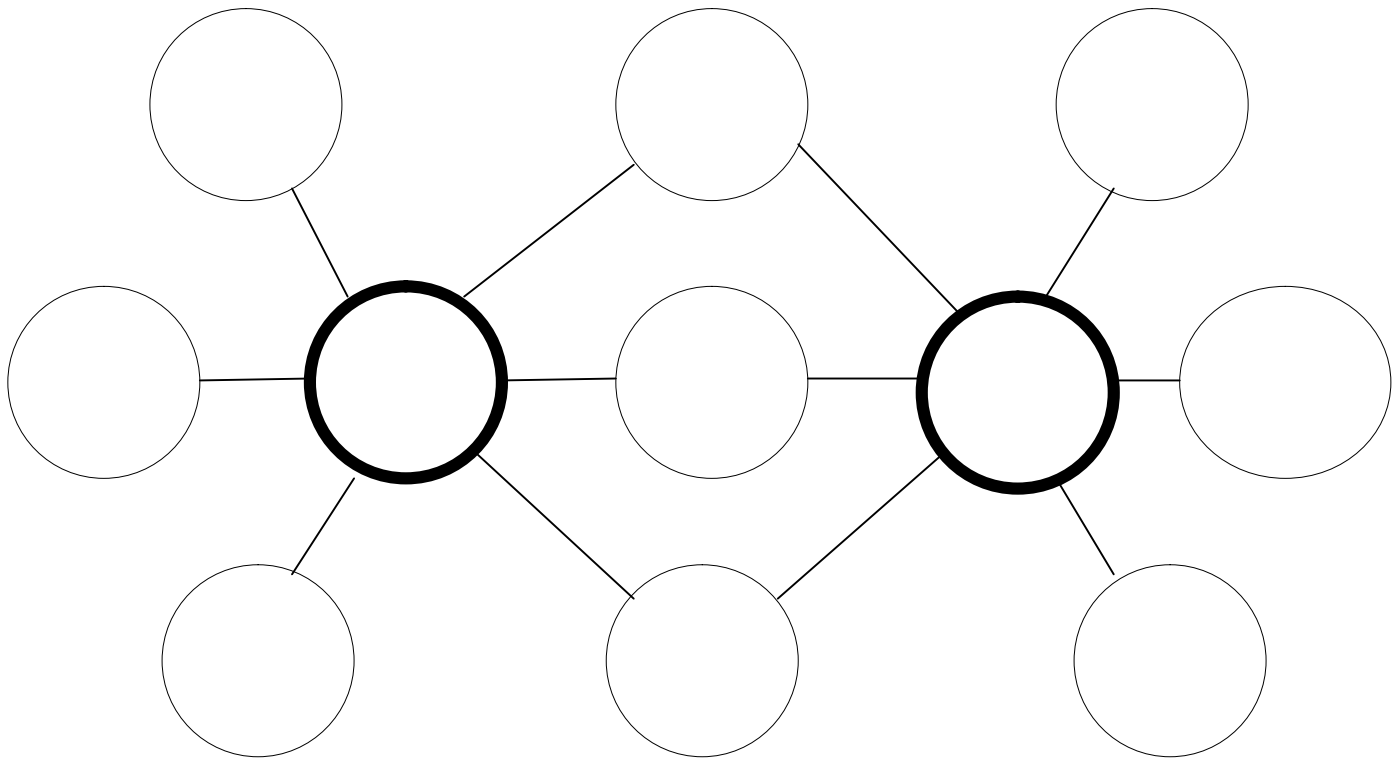
*This is a short list of ideas for initial implementation. There are numerous ways this map could be incorporated into instruction.*

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## Double Bubble Map

### Thinking Process: Comparing and Contrasting

The **Double Bubble Map** is used for comparing and contrasting.



ent Areas

| <i>Double Bubble Map Examples</i> | <b>ELA</b>  | <b>Math</b>   | <b>Science</b>   | <b>Social Studies</b>   |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|--|---|
|                                   | Comparing and contrasting characters<br><br>Comparing and contrasting different texts<br><br>Comparing and contrasting examples of poetic themes or devices | Comparing and contrasting attributes of numbers<br><br>Comparing and contrasting attributes of geometric figures<br><br>Evaluating alternative problem-solving approaches | Comparing and contrasting properties of things<br><br>Comparing different systems<br><br>Comparing results from changes during experiments | Comparing and contrasting cultures, countries, etc.<br><br>Comparing past to present of a culture |

*This is a short list of ideas for initial implementation. There are numerous ways this map could be incorporated into instruction.*

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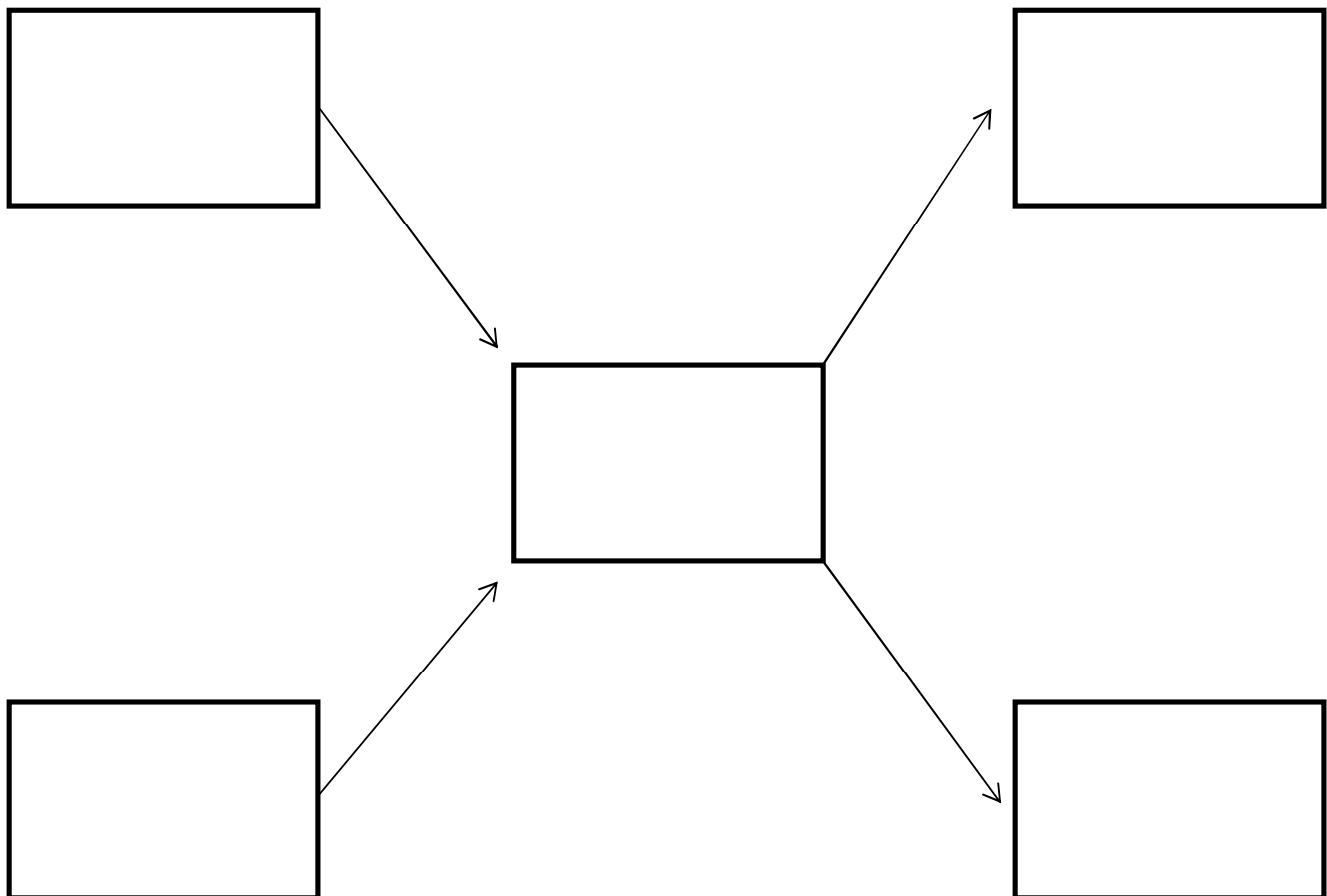
We will post examples of our own Barnwell 45 maps on our curriculum website.



# Multi-Flow Map

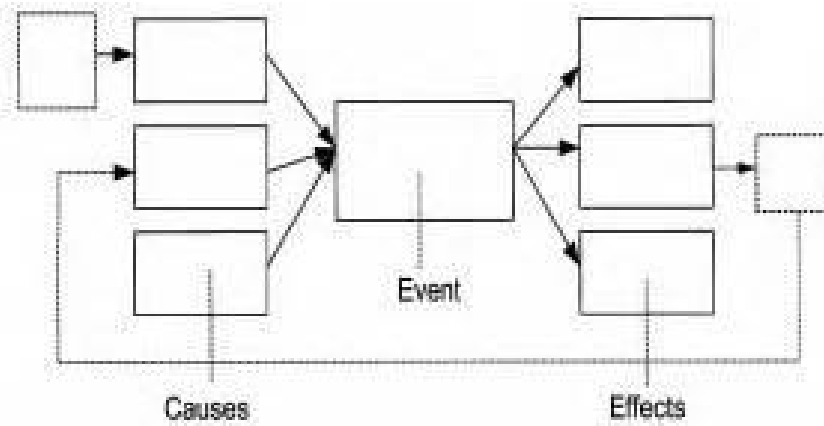
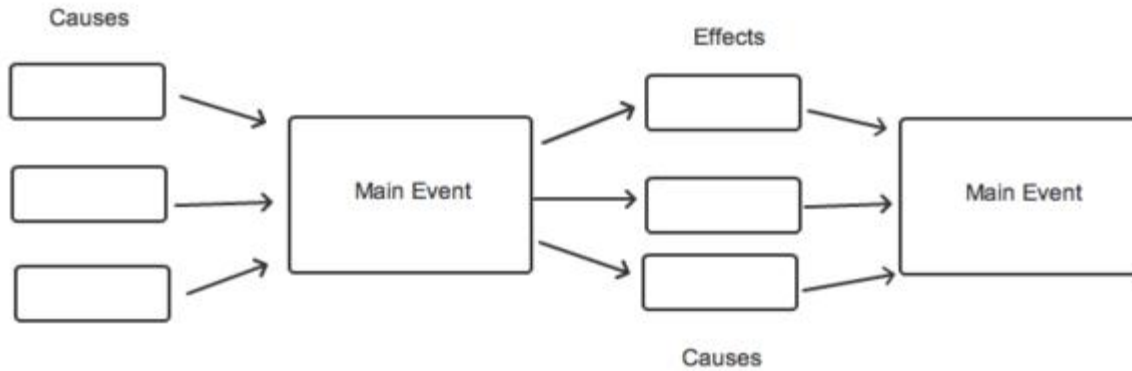
## Thinking Process: Cause and Effect

The **Multi-Flow Map** is used for analyzing **Cause and Effect**.



# Multi-Flow Map

## Multiple Multi-Flow Thinking Map



### Use in Core Content Areas

| <i>Multi-Flow Map Examples</i> | <b>ELA</b>  | <b>Math</b>   | <b>Science</b>  | <b>Social Studies</b>   |
|--------------------------------|---|---|---|---|
|                                | Analyzing cause and effect in literature or expository text<br><br>Predicting outcomes from previous events | Analyzing cause and effect in mathematical context<br><br>Following if-then scenarios<br><br>Identifying causal relationships in word problems<br><br>Tracing causes and effects during problem-solving | Analyzing cause and effect in scientific context<br><br>Hypothesizing and predicting outcomes | Analyzing cause and effect in historical context<br><br>Predicting future events given root causes<br><br>Identifying short-term and long-term effects for events |

*This is a short list of ideas for initial implementation. There are numerous ways this map could be incorporated into instruction.*

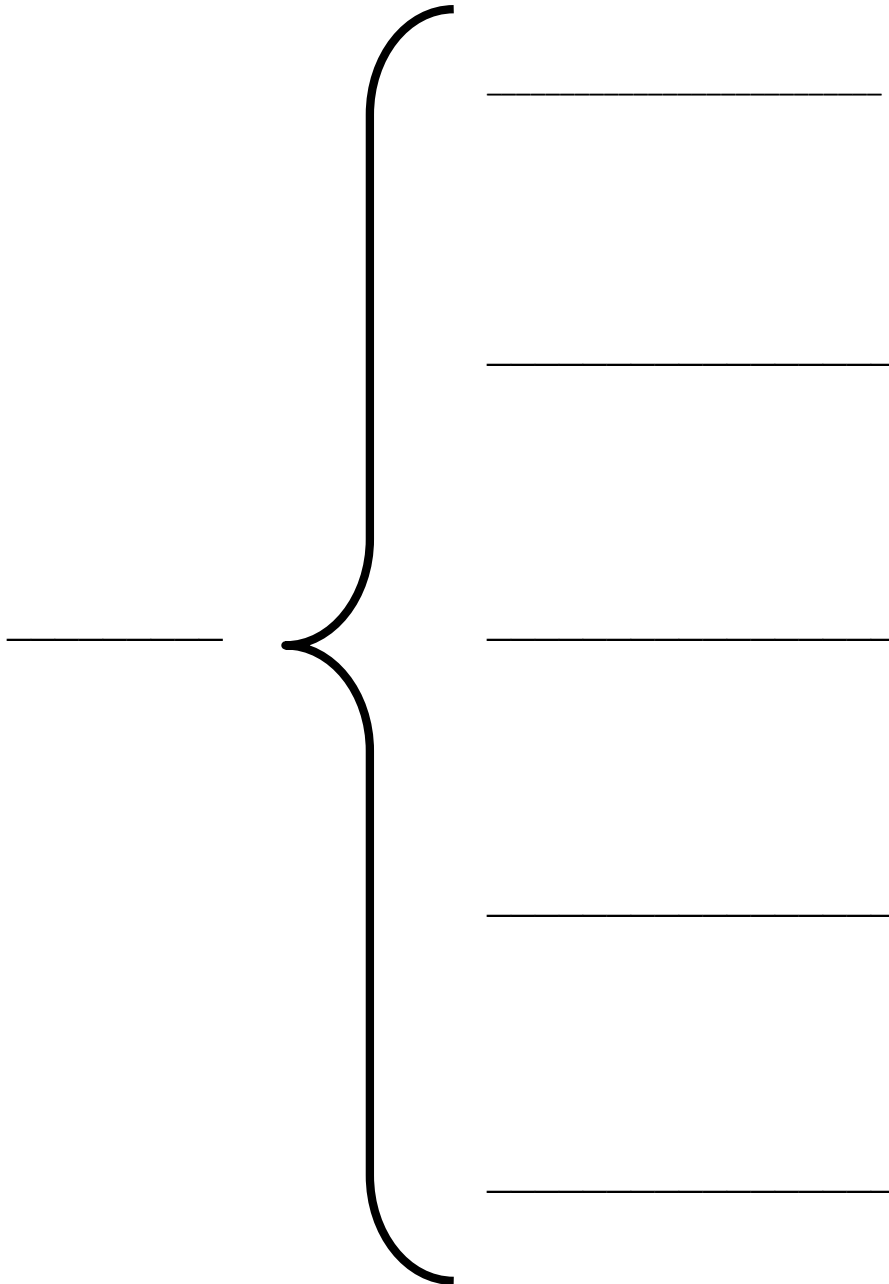
Do an image search of “Multi-Flow Map” online, and you will be able to access several other examples. Please take photographs of multi-flow maps you use in your classroom and send them to [cstephens@barnwell45.k12.sc.us](mailto:cstephens@barnwell45.k12.sc.us).

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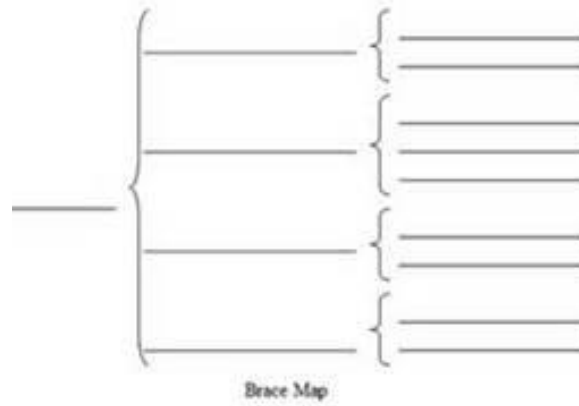
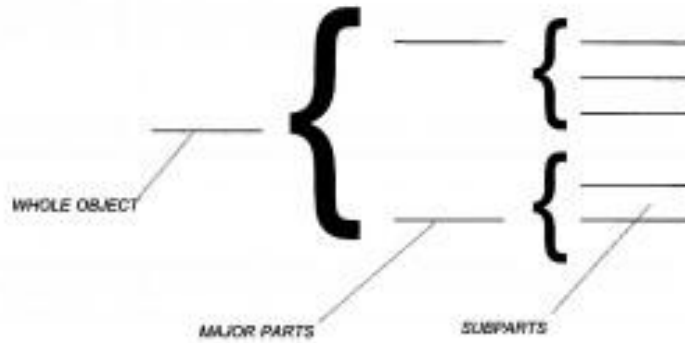
## Brace Map

### Thinking Process: Parts-Whole

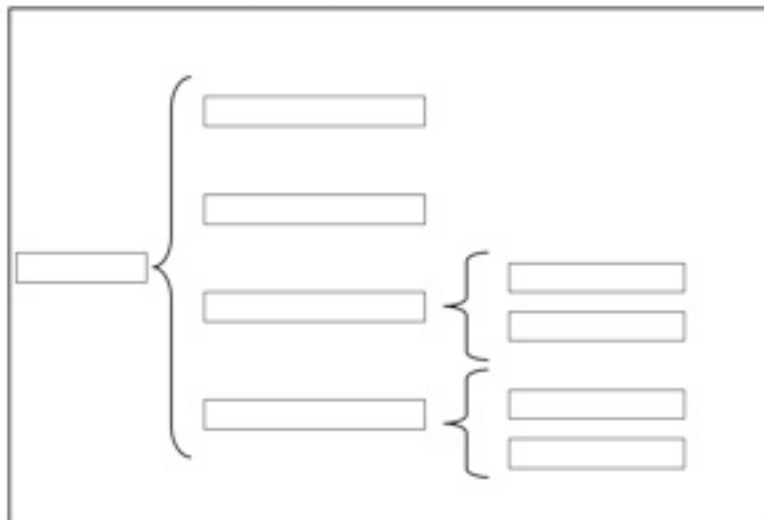
The **Brace Map** is used for seeing the structural analysis of **whole to parts** relationships.



# Brace Map



Brace Map \_\_\_\_\_



ent Areas

| <b>Brace Map Examples</b> | <b>ELA</b>   | <b>Math</b>   | <b>Science</b>  | <b>Social Studies</b>  |
|---------------------------|--|---|---|--|
|                           | Breaking down compound words<br><br>Illustrating syllables<br><br>Analyzing technical reading (Ex. the organizational breakdown of a computer system)<br><br>Organizing and writing technical pieces – example: technical manual | Illustrating place value and expanded form<br><br>Analyzing geometric figures<br><br>Illustrating fractional relationships<br><br>Charting prime factorization<br><br>Teaching the problem solving method | Utilizing the steps of the scientific method<br><br>Observing and recording anatomy of specific animals<br><br>Illustrating parts of a cell | Analyzing relationships between continents, regions, etc. (Ex. the regions of SC)<br><br>Identifying whole regions and sub-regions in reference to geography<br><br>Developing spatial reasoning for mapping |

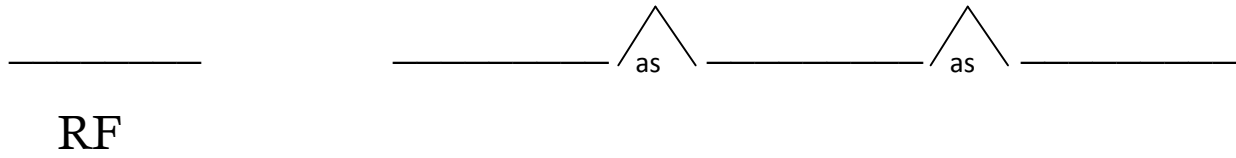
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# Bridge Map

## Thinking Process: Seeing Analogies

The **Bridge Map** is used for seeing analogies.



[RF = Relating Factor]

ent Areas

| <b><i>Bridge Map Examples</i></b> | <b>ELA</b>  | <b>Math</b>   | <b>Science</b>   | <b>Social Studies</b>  |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
|                                   | Comprehending analogies, metaphors, and similes<br><br>Developing analogies for writing | Applying analogical thinking<br><br>Solving problems using ratios and fractions<br><br>Using analogies for finding and solving problems | Learning abstract concepts by analogy<br><br>Inventing using analogical thinking | Using analogies to compare similar historical relationships<br><br>Comprehending analogies used by authors<br><br>Understanding concepts in history by analogy of past and present |

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Do an image search of “Bridge Map” online, and you will be able to access several other examples. Please take photographs of bridge maps you use in your classroom and send them to [cstephens@barnwell45.k12.sc.us](mailto:cstephens@barnwell45.k12.sc.us). We will post examples of our own Barnwell 45 maps on our curriculum website.



## Thinking Maps Overview

| Thinking Map                                   | Thinking Process                        | Key Words   |
|--|---|---|
| <p><b>Flow</b></p> <p>Pages 5-7</p>            | Sequencing                              | Sequence, Put in order, Order, Recount/Retell, What happens next, Cycles, Patterns, Processes, Change, Solve multi-step problems                            |
| <p><b>Circle</b></p> <p>Pages 8-9</p>          | Defining in Context Brainstorming       | Context, Context clues, List, Define, Tell everything that you know, Brainstorm, Identify, Relate prior knowledge, Tell about, Explore the meaning, Discuss |
| <p><b>Bubble</b></p> <p>Pages 13-14</p>        | Describing                              | Describe, Use vivid language, Observe using the 5 senses, Describe feelings, attributes, characteristics, properties, adjectives, qualities                 |
| <p><b>Double Bubble</b></p> <p>Pages 15-16</p> | Comparing and Contrasting               | Compare/Contrast, Discuss similarities/differences, Distinguish between, Differentiate  |
| <p><b>Tree</b></p> <p>Pages 10-12</p>          | Classifying                             | Classify, Sort, Group, Categorize, Give sufficient and related details, Types of, Kinds of, List and elaborate, Taxonomy                                    |
| <p><b>Brace</b></p> <p>Pages 20-22</p>         | Illustrating Part to Whole Relationship | Parts of, Take apart, Show structure, Physical components, Anatomy  |
| <p><b>Multi-Flow</b></p> <p>Pages 17-19</p>    | Analyzing Cause and Effect              | Causes and effects, Discuss consequences, What would happen if, Predict, Change, Identify motives, Why, Results, Outcomes, Benefits                         |
| <p><b>Bridge</b></p> <p>Pages 23-24</p>        | Seeing Analogies                        | Identify the common relationship, Guess the rule, Interpret symbols, Simile, Metaphor, Allegory, Ratio  |